### Case 2:12-cv-02263-JHS\_ Document 1\_Filed 04/26/12 Page 1 of 33

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provide by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

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	Address, and Telephone Numbe aufman, Coren & Ress, P.C 03; 215-735-8700	,	ite 3710,	Attorneys (If Known) JO BENNETT, Steve 215-751-2883					
II. BASIS OF JURISD	ICTION (Place an "X"	in One Box Only)		TIZENSHIP OF P	RINCIPA	L PARTIES			
☐ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	■ 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government)	Not a Party)	,	For Diversity Cases Only) P n of This State	TF DEF	Incorporated or Print of Business In This		PTF	mt) DEF □ 4
☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	☐ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizensh	p of Parties in Item III)	Citize	n of Another State	2 🗇 2	Incorporated and Pr of Business In A		<b>5</b>	<b>5</b>
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☐ 110 Insurance ☐ 120 Marine ☐ 130 Miller Act ☐ 140 Negotiable Instrument ☐ 150 Recovery of Overpayment	PERSONAL INJURY  310 Airplane 315 Airplane Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel & Slander 330 Federal Employers' Liability 340 Marine 345 Marine Product Liability 350 Motor Vehicle Product Liability 360 Other Personal Injury 360 Other Personal Injury 460 Malpractice  CIVIL RIGHTS 441 Voting 442 Employment 443 Housing/ Accommodations 445 Amer. w/Disabilities Employment	PERSONAL INJUR'  365 Personal Injury - Product Liability  367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury - Product Liability  368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability  PERSONAL PROPER  370 Other Fraud  371 Truth in Lending  380 Other Personal Property Damage  700 Product Liability  PRISONER PETITION  510 Motions to Vacate Sentence  Habeas Corpus:  530 General  535 Death Penalty  540 Mandamus & Oth  550 Civil Rights	1	Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 Other  LABOR DFair Labor Standards Act Labor/Mgmt. Relations Railway Labor Act Family and Medical Leave Act Other Labor Litigation Empl. Ret. Inc. Security Act  MMIGRATION Note The Property of Security Act Material Security Act Material Security Application Relation Application Relation Application Relation Application Relation Application Relation Application Relation Application	□ 422 Appe □ 423 With 28 U  PROPE □ 820 Copp □ 830 Pater □ 840 Trade □ 861 HIA □ 862 Blace □ 863 DIW □ 864 SSID □ 865 RSI ( □ 870 Taxe or D □ 871 IRS-	al 28 USC 158 drawal SC 157  RTY RIGHTS rrights at emark  SECURITY (1395ff) ac Lung (923) c/DIWW (405(g)) Title XVI 405(g))  AL TAX SUITS s (U.S. Plaintiff efendant)	□375 False Clai □400 State Reap □410 Antitrust □430 Banks and □450 Commerc □460 Deportatic □470 Racketeer Corrupt □480 Consumer □490 Cable/Sat □850 Securities. Exchan, □890 Other Stat □891 Agricultur □893 Environm □895 Freedom of Act □896 Arbitration □899 Administr Act/Rev	ms Act poportionme  I Banking  on Influence Organizati Credit TV Commodi ge utory Acti al Acts ental Matto f Informat  n ative Procei iew or Acp j Decision onality of	d and ions ties/ ons ers tion
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### Williams, et al. v. SEPTA USDC ED PA Civil Action

Vivian Williams Edward Aponte Pedro Arce Sherry Bannister Derrick Banks Thomas Barrett Emmie Beamer Robin Bernan Christopher Blake Yonzetta Blakeney Anita L. Booker Burrell Boone Vilma Boone Joseph **Boris** Lynn Boyd Terry Lee Boyd Cinderetta **Brooking** Albert L. Brown Theodore Brown Barbara R. Bryan Mark Burnett Shawn Campbell Tanya Cannady Sandra V. Capps Kennette Chandler Cyril Chick Dennis Christie Robert V. Clayton Alphonso Coleman Sean Collier Jose Colon D'Santai Cooper Samuel L. Cooper, Jr. Frank J. Craney, Jr. Antoinette **Davis** Chaplin A. **Davis** James Davis Morgan Davis Don Depagnier Stephen Dillard Anthony F. DiSaluo

**DuPree** Amy John **DuPree** Victoria DuPree Frederick Edwards Reuben M. Edwards Bedner Emile Letif Q. Everett Lindwood Ford Fannie Frasier Zachary Garvin James Gilliam Alexander Grady, Jr. Graham Leon Khary Gray Eric Green Greene Kenneth L. Sharon Gregory Sheria Gregory Jolin Grover Paul Hall Demont Hants

Darlene Harley-Micks

David Harris Darryl Harvin Robert Hawkins David Henderson Howell Derrick Jovan Jefferson Willie Jenkins, Jr. Alice Johnson Anthony Johnson Jean Joseph Kerper, Jr. Edward Vernise C. Kilgo Tony M. Latham Charles A. Latimore Wayne C. Logan Donald P. Lundberg Eugene Lyons

Rose Marie McPherson-Turdie

Maddox

Elias McCants, Jr. Kevin A. McMillan David E. Moyers

Douglas Y.

Richard P. Miller, Jr. Adri Z. Mobley

Starletta Moore-Lumpkin

Earl Morsan, Jr. William Morris Ronald Nase Sara Nava Joseph Nelson Darryl Oliver Joel Orellan Tanya Pace

Robin Purks Jon Pepper Shanda Perez

James Phillips
Michael Pitchford
Johnny Powell
Lyllene Prysock

Lyllene Prysocl LaToya R. Reid Steven A. Riley

George Sampson E. Santiago, Jr.

Darryl Savage Joseph Schrier Rhonell Seabreeze Kenneth Seaford Dennis C. Scott Jabari Shabazz Marvin Shaw Shawn Sloan

Smith Ernestine Aquil **Snipes** Hattie Spruill Raquel Stevenson Christina M. Stilwell Stockman Michael A. Rebecca D. Teasley Robert Thomas

Charlyn Thompson
Clyde Thompson
Michael Thompson
Louis Tillson

Carlos J. Torres-Rodriguez

Kenneth D. Tull Leon Vaughn Vernias Jean R. Pamela View Necker Vilmont Nicole VonCellis Anthony Walker George Watson Charles Weathersby Daniel Williams Williams Donnita Frank A. Williams Jermaine M. Williams Seth B. Williams Anthony Wingfield Ronald Woodberry Albert T. Woods Xibos Robert J. Yancey John

### Case 2:12-cv-02262NINED STATIFFED STATIFFED STRATEFED ST

FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA — DESIGNATION FORM to be used by counsel to indicate the category of the case for the purpose of assignment to appropriate calendar.

assignment to appropriate calendar.		
Address of Plaintiff: c/o Bruce Bodner, Kaufman, Coren & Ress, P.C. 1717 Arch Street - Suite 3	3710, Philadelphia, PA 19103-2713	
Address of Defendant: 1234 Market Street, Philadelphia, PA 19107		
Place of Accident, Incident or Transaction: Philadelphia, Pennsylvania		
Does this civil action involve a nongovernmental corporate party with any parent corporation as	nd any publicly held corporation own	ning 10% or more of its stock?
(Attach two copies of the Disclosure Statement Form in accordance with Fed.R.Civ.P. 7.1(a))	Yes□	No■
Dogs this gags involve multidistrict literation respirities?	V	No■
Does this case involve multidistrict litigation possibilities?  RELATED CASE, IF ANY:	Yes□	190
Case Number: 06-0088 Judge Joel H. Slomsky	Date Terminated:	N/A
Civil cases are deemed related when yes is answered to any of the following questions:		
1. Is this case related to property included in an earlier numbered suit pending or within one ye	ar previously terminated action in th	is court?
	Yes□	No■
2. Does this case involve the same issue of fact or grow out of the same transaction as a prior st action in this court?	uit pending or within one year previo	ously terminated
	Yes■	No□
3. Does this case involve the validity or infringement of a patent already in suit or any earlier n	numbered case pending or within one	year previously
terminated action in this court?	Yes□	No 🗖
4. Is this case a second or successive habeas corpus, social security appeal, or pro se civil rights	s case filed by the same individual?	
	Yes□	No■
CIVIL: (Place ✓ in ONE CATEGORY ONLY)		
A. Federal Question Cases:	B. Diversity Jurisdiction Cas	es:
1. □ Indemnity Contract, Marine Contract, and All Other Contracts	1. □ Insurance Contract	and Other Contracts
2. □ FELA	2.   Airplane Personal 1	<b>Ínjury</b>
3. □ Jones Act-Personal Injury	3.   Assault, Defamation	n
4. □ Antitrust	4. □ Marine Personal In	jury
5. □ Patent	5.   Motor Vehicle Pers	sonal Injury
6. ■ Labor-Management Relations	6. □ Other Personal Inju	ary (Please specify)
7. □ Civil Rights	7. □ Products Liability	
8. □ Habeas Corpus	8.   Products Liability -	— Asbestos
9. □ Securities Act(s) Cases	9. □ All other Diversity	
10. □ Social Security Review Cases	(Please specify)	
11. □ All other Federal Question Cases (Please specify)	,	
ARBITRATION CERTII		
(Check Appropriate Cate I, Bruce Bodner, counsel of record do hereby certify:	egory)	
■ Pursuant to Local Civil Rule 53.2, Section 3(c)(2), that to the best of my knowledge and be	elief, the damages recoverable in this	s civil action case exceed the sum of
\$150,000.00 exclusive of interest and costs;		
□ Relief other than monetary damages is sought.		
DATE: 4-26-12 Brace Boll		79516
Attorney-at-Law	At	torney I.D.#
<b>NOTE:</b> A trial de novo will be a trial by jury only if there	e has been compliance with F.R.C.P.	38.
I certify that, to my knowledge, the within case is not related to any case now pending or w except as noted above.	ithin one year previously terminat	ed action in this court
DATE:		
Attorney-at-I aw	Atto	orney I D #

CIV. 609 (6/08)

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### IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

### **CASE MANAGEMENT TRACK DESIGNATION FORM**

VIVIAN WILLIAMS and Others

**CIVIL ACTION** 

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215-735-8700 Telephone	215-735-5170 FAX Number	BBodner@kcr-law.con E-Mail Address	<u>n</u>
Date	Attorney-at-law	Attorney for Plaintiffs	
April 26, 2012	Brun Bohn	Bruce Bodner	
(f) Standard Management -	- Cases that do not fall into an	ny one of the other tracks.	( )
commonly referred to as	Cases that do not fall into traces complex and that need species of this form for a detailed	al or intense management by	(X)
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(c) Arbitration – Cases requ	nired to be designated for arbi	tration under Local Civil Rule 53.2.	( )
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plaintiff shall complete a C filing the complaint and ser side of this form.) In the designation, that defendant	ase Management Track Designer as copy on all defendants. (a event that a defendant does shall, with its first appearance, a Case Management Track D	y Reduction Plan of this court, coungnation Form in all civil cases at the tage of the plan set forth on the range of the plaintiff regarding, submit to the clerk of court and serve esignation Form specifying the track to	ime of everse g said on the
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(Civ. 660) 10/02

### IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

Vivian Williams, Edward Aponte, Pedro Arce, Sherry Bannister, Derrick Banks, Thomas Barrett, Emmie Beamer, Robin Bernan, Christopher Blake, Yonzetta Blakeney, Anita L. Booker, Burrell Boone, Vilma Boone, Joseph Boris, Lynn Boyd, Terry Lee Boyd, Cinderetta Brooking, Albert L. Brown, Theodore Brown, Barbara R. Bryan, Mark Burnett, Shawn Campbell, Tanya Cannady, Sandra V. Capps, Kennette Chandler, Cyril Chick, Dennis Christie, Robert V. Clayton, Alphonso Coleman, Sean Collier, Jose Colon, D'Santai Cooper, Samuel L. Cooper, Jr., Frank J. Craney, Jr., Antoinette Davis, Chaplin A. Davis, James Davis, Morgan Davis, Don Depagnier, Stephen Dillard, Anthony F. DiSaluo, Amy DuPree, John DuPree, Victoria DuPree, Frederick Edwards, Reuben M. Edwards, Bedner Emile, Letif Q. Everett, Lindwood Ford, Fannie Frasier, Zachary Garvin, James Gilliam, Alexander Grady, Jr., Leon Graham, Khary Gray, Eric Green, Kenneth L. Greene, Sharon Gregory, Sheria Gregory, Jolin Grover, Paul Hall, Demont Hants, Darlene Harley-Micks, David Harris, Darryl Harvin, Robert Hawkins, David Henderson, Derrick Howell, Jovan Jefferson, Willie Jenkins, Jr., Alice Johnson, Anthony Johnson, Jean Joseph, Edward Kerper, Jr., Vernise C. Kilgo, Tony M. Latham, Charles A. Latimore, Wayne C. Logan, Donald P. Lundberg, Eugene Lyons, Douglas Y. Maddox, Rose Marie McPherson-Turdie, Elias McCants, Jr., Kevin A. McMillan, David E. Moyers, Richard P. Miller, Jr., Adri Z. Mobley, Starletta Moore-Lumpkin, Earl Morsan, Jr.,

Continued on next page

CIVIL ACTION NO. 12-ev-

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

William Morris, Ronald Nase, Sara Nava, Joseph Nelson, Darryl Oliver, Joel Orellan, Tanya Pace, Robin Purks, Jon Pepper, Shanda Perez, James Phillips, Michael Pitchford, Johnny Powell, Lyllene Prysock, LaToya R. Reid, Steven A. Riley, George Sampson, E. Santiago, Jr., Darryl Savage, Joseph Schrier, Rhonell Seabreeze, Kenneth Seaford, Dennis C. Scott, Jabari Shabazz, Marvin Shaw, Shawn Sloan, Ernestine Smith, Aquil Snipes, Hattie Spruill, Raquel Stevenson, Christina M. Stilwell, Michael A. Stockman, Rebecca D. Teasley, Robert Thomas, Charlyn Thompson, Clyde Thompson, Michael Thompson, Louis Tillson, Carlos J. Torres-Rodriguez, Kenneth D. Tull, Leon Vaughn, Jean R. Vernias, Pamela View, Necker Vilmont, Nicole VonCellis, Anthony Walker, George Watson, Charles Weathersby, Daniel Williams, Donnita Williams, Frank A. Williams, Jermaine M. Williams, Seth B. Williams, Anthony Wingfield, Ronald Woodberry, Albert T. Woods, Robert J. Xibos, John Yancey, and others similarly situated

Plaintiffs,

v.

SOUTHEASTERN PENNSYLVANIA TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY 1234 Market Street Philadelphia, PA 19107,

Defendant.

### **COLLECTIVE ACTION COMPLAINT**

Plaintiffs, by and through their undersigned counsel, after inquiry reasonable under the circumstances, on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated, allege as follows:

### **INTRODUCTION**

- 1. This is an "off-the-clock" overtime case under the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. §201 *et seq*. ("FLSA" or the "Act") brought to remedy widespread violations of the FLSA by defendant Southeastern Pennsylvania Transportation Authority ("SEPTA" or the "Authority") that have deprived Plaintiffs, and other similarly situated SEPTA employees of overtime wages to which they are entitled.
- 2. Plaintiffs are all adults residing and/or working within the Eastern District of Pennsylvania and during the relevant time period worked as operators assigned to SEPTA's Frontier or Suburban Division. At various times within three (3) years leading up the commencement of this action, Plaintiffs drove a "swing-run," comprising two distinct periods of time operating a bus or trolley in passenger service, with a break varying in length, between the "first half" and the "second half" of the operator's run.
- 3. This case involves the pre-trip inspection required prior to the start of the second half of Plaintiffs' swing run ("afternoon pre-trip inspection") and the time it takes an operator to travel from one "relief point" to another "relief point," or from a "relief point" to the depot, between the first and second halves of an operator's swing run ("Shuttle Time").
- 4. There are two other law suits pending in this judicial district relating to FLSA claims against SEPTA. One case, captioned <u>Cooper, et al. v. SEPTA</u> (the "Cooper Litigation"), presented claims essentially analogous to those presented in this case, covering swing run operators employed in SEPTA's City Transit Division only. Another case, captioned <u>Bell, et al. v. SEPTA</u>, concerns compensation paid to operators for the performance of reporting and pre-trip inspection tasks prior to the start of an operator's run.

- 5. This Complaint seeks to remedy past and present violations of the FLSA affecting swing run operators not covered by the Cooper Litigation, i.e. operators assigned to SEPTA's Frontier or Suburban Division.
- 6. Under the FLSA, operators must be paid 1.5 times their regular rate of pay for all hours worked over forty (40) in a given week. This statutory protection applies to all Plaintiffs and others similarly situated.
- 7. Prior to February 2011, Frontier and Suburban Division swing run operators received no compensation whatsoever for their Shuttle Time or for the time spent performing the afternoon pre-trip inspection.
- 8. In many cases, operators who performed the afternoon pre-trip inspections and/or had to travel off the clock between their first and second halves would work at least forty (40) hours in a week without having the Shuttle Time or the time spent performing the afternoon pre-trip inspection counted as "work time" or included in the calculation of overtime.
- 9. In other cases, swing run operators who performed the afternoon pre-trip inspection and/or had to travel off the clock worked more than 40 hours in a week when the Shuttle Time and the afternoon pre-trip inspection is counted as "work time."
- 10. In February 2011, SEPTA began compensating swing run operators with a ten (10) minute allowance intended to cover the time spent performing the afternoon pre-trip inspection. The ten minute allowance, however, was deficient and failed to address violations of the FLSA in at least three ways: (1) the mandated afternoon pre-trip inspection takes at least fifteen (15) minutes to complete, five (5) minutes more than provided for by the allowance; (2) the ten (10) minute allowance is calculated into an operator's pay time as straight time, regardless of whether the

operator works in excess of forty (40) hours in a given week; and, (3) despite its change of policy, SEPTA made no effort to remedy violations of Plaintiffs' rights under the FLSA that occurred prior to February, 2011.

- 11. In February 2011, SEPTA also began compensating swing run operators for their Shuttle Time, however, SEPTA made no effort to remedy violations of Plaintiffs' FLSA rights that occurred prior to February, 2011.
- 12. SEPTA's February, 2011 policy modifications amount to an admission that it never compensated swing-run operators for their Shuttle Time or for performing the afternoon pre-trip inspection.
- 13. SEPTA's policy continues to evince a willful disregard of the protections legislated by the FLSA.
- 14. Plaintiffs bring this action as a collective action pursuant to 29 U.S.C. §216(b) on behalf of all former and current SEPTA operators who, within three years prior to the their participation in this lawsuit:
  - are or were assigned to SEPTA's Frontier or Suburban Division;
  - worked a swing run operating a SEPTA bus and/or trolley;
  - performed pre-trip vehicle inspections prior to the start of their second half; and/or were required to travel between the first and second halves of their run without compensation;
  - worked more than 40 hours in at least one week (including time spent performing the afternoon pre-trip inspection);
  - and were denied overtime pay for all time worked over 40 hours in violation of the FLSA.

- 15. Plaintiffs will seek certification of this case as a collective action at the appropriate time in this litigation.
- 16. Plaintiffs, on behalf of themselves and other similarly situated Frontier and Suburban Division operators, seek three years of FLSA compensation, an equal amount of liquidated damages, attorneys' fees and costs, and all other available and appropriate relief to which they, and all of those who opt in to this action, are entitled, as mandated by 29 U.S.C. §§ 207(a), 216 (b), 255, and other applicable provisions of the FLSA.

### **PARTIES**

- 17. Plaintiffs are all adult individuals residing and/or working within this judicial district who were or are employed by SEPTA at its Frontier or Suburban Division. In accordance with 29 U.S.C. §§216(b) and 256(a), each named plaintiff's written consent to be represented by counsel and become a party plaintiff to this action is being filed contemporaneously with the filing of this Collective Action Complaint.
- 18. Defendant SEPTA is a regional public transit authority organized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, with its principal executive offices located at 1234 Market St., Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19107. SEPTA is an employer within the meaning of the FLSA.

### **JURISDICTION**

- 19. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1331.
- 20. Venue is proper in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania under 28 U.S.C. 1391(b)-(c), because the acts complained are taking place in this judicial district, and because SEPTA maintains its principal place of business within this judicial district.

#### **FACTS**

- 21. SEPTA requires Frontier and Suburban Division swing run operators, as part of their daily work duties, to conduct afternoon pre-trip inspections and, in many cases, to travel off the clock between the first and second halves of their swing runs.
- 22. As it relates to the afternoon pre-trip vehicle inspection, SEPTA has promulgated work rules and policies covering Plaintiffs and others similarly situated, including a Bus Operations Rules and Regulations Manual ("Operating Manual"), the relevant sections of which are attached hereto as **Exhibit A**.
- 23. Before 1992, the pre-trip vehicle safety inspection was not required under either federal or state law. Before this lawsuit was filed, however, the extensive and time-consuming pre-trip safety inspection became a legal requirement for all operators of commercial motor vehicles and a SEPTA requirement for all operators of passenger vehicles not covered by statute, namely trolleys. As a result, SEPTA adopted Operating Rule-150, which provides:

**Prior to departing from any bus yard**, or when making relief, Operators/Employees must make an inspection of their vehicle in accordance with the current outlined procedure. This inspection must be made utilizing the Vehicle Condition Report, (VCR), the CDL Pre-Trip/Relief Inspection Checklist/Quality Control Appearance Checklist provided for that purpose.

- Ex. A at p. C-13 (emphasis added). Thus, swing run operators must conduct a pre-trip vehicle inspection prior to the start of their second half
- 24. As part of the afternoon pre-trip inspection, swing run operators are required to check numerous safety related items on their vehicles, ranging from the tire tread and pressure to the proper operation of the brakes and the vehicle's lights and reflectors.

- 25. SEPTA's vehicle inspection checklist, which bus drivers must fill out and submit after completing the inspection, is attached hereto as **Exhibit B** and a description of the tasks involved in the afternoon pre-trip inspection is attached hereto as **Exhibit C**.
- 26. Trolley operators perform a similar vehicle inspection. The trolley inspection checklist ("LRV Pre-Trip/Relief Checklist") is attached hereto as **Exhibit D**.
- 27. SEPTA trolley operators are qualified to drive a bus, have a Commercial Drivers License, and frequently operate buses on their routes when conditions on the street—such as track repair work—make it impossible to place trolleys in passenger service. Therefore trolley operators are trained and familiar with the pre-trip inspection requirements for both busses and trolleys.
- 28. When the pre-trip safety inspection became a mandate under state and federal law (for buses), SEPTA required its bus and trolley operators to perform the inspections described above. However, SEPTA failed to provide additional paid-time in Plaintiffs' schedules for the purpose of performing the safety inspection.
- 29. Thus, for years, Plaintiffs performed the afternoon pre-trip safety inspection "off of the clock."
- 30. The time requirements for both bus and trolley pre-trip inspections are substantially similar, if not identical, as the inspections cover safety concerns affecting buses and trolleys. It takes at least 15 minutes (depending on the condition of the bus or trolley and other factors) to conduct the afternoon pre-trip inspection.
- 31. In February, 2011, SEPTA changed its policy by allocating ten minutes for swing run operators to conduct the afternoon pre-trip inspection.

- 32. Prior to February, 2011, SEPTA did not compensate swing run operators for the time spent performing the afternoon pre-trip inspection.
- 33. As a result, before February, 2011, SEPTA did not consider the time spent performing the afternoon pre-trip inspection as work-time and did not include this time in the calculation of an operator's FLSA overtime compensation.
- 34. SEPTA's decision to add ten minutes to perform the afternoon inspection in February, 2011 was an attempt to address the violations of the FLSA asserted in the Cooper Litigation.
- 35. SEPTA's change of policy constitutes an admission that prior to February, 2011 Plaintiffs conducted the afternoon pre-trip inspection "off the clock."
  - 36. SEPTA has not compensated Plaintiffs for back-pay accrued prior to February, 2011.
- 37. Moreover, SEPTA presently compensates Plaintiffs ten minutes for performing the afternoon pre-trip safety inspection, despite SEPTA's awareness that the inspection takes at least fifteen minutes to complete, nor does SEPTA does not treat the ten minute allowance to perform the afternoon pre-trip safety inspection as work time for purposes of calculating an operator's overtime pay.
- 38. Swing run operators are often required to travel from the point at which their first half ends to the point at which their second half begins. Under settled case law, shuttle time is compensable and must be applied toward an operators' cumulative entitlement to overtime pay under the FLSA. However, prior to February, 2011, swing run operators received no compensation whatsoever for their Shuttle Time.
- 39. SEPTA keeps records in the ordinary course of business sufficient to identify weeks in which Plaintiffs' total compensated and uncompensated work time exceeded forty hours, enabling

SEPTA to calculate the regular and overtime pay attributable to the allegations of this Complaint.

As a result, SEPTA's violations of the provisions of the FLSA reflect a willful disregard of the Act.

### CLAIM FOR RELIEF VIOLATIONS OF THE FLSA

- 40. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference paragraphs 1-39 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- 41. At all times material to this action, the overtime provisions of § 207 of the FLSA have applied to SEPTA, to Plaintiffs, and to all other similarly situated Frontier and Suburban Division operators.
- 42. SEPTA has wilfully and intentionally engaged in ongoing and knowing violations of the overtime provisions of the FLSA by requiring Plaintiffs and all other similarly situated swing run operators by requiring them to conduct afternoon pre-trip inspections off the clock and/or without appropriate compensation and by requiring them to travel off the clock between their first and second halves prior to February, 2011.
- 43. SEPTA's wilful violation of the FLSA entitles Plaintiffs and other similarly situated to three years of damages pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 255(a).
- 44. As a result of the unlawful acts of SEPTA, Plaintiffs and other similarly situated SEPTA operators have been deprived of overtime compensation in an amount to be determined at trial, and are entitled to recover such amounts for three years, along with liquidated damages, prejudgment interest, attorneys' fees, costs, and other compensation to which they are entitled.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs, individually and on behalf of all other similarly situated SEPTA Frontier and Suburban Division operators, demand judgment in the form of three years of back pay,

an equal amount of liquidated damages, attorneys' fees and costs, and all other available and appropriate relief to which they, and all of those who opt in to this action, are entitled, as mandated by 29 U.S.C. §§ 207(a), 216 (b), 255, and other applicable provisions of the FLSA.

KAUFMAN, COREN & RESS, P.C.

BY: Bruce Book Bruce Bodner, Esq., I.D. # 79516 Howard J. Kaufman, Esq., I.D. # 09741 1717 Arch Street, Suite 3710 Philadelphia, PA 19103 (215) 735-8700

bbodner@kcr-law.com hkaufman@kcr-law.com

Dated: April 26, 2012

### EXHIBIT A

### SOUTHEASTERN PENNSYLVANIA TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY

BUS
OPERATIONS
RULES AND
REGULATIONS
MANUAL



For the Government of SEPTA Bus Operations Personnel

Rev 04/03/05...

G.O. 05-01

## BUS OPERATIONS OPERATIONAL RULES

Rev 04/03/05

G.O. 05-01

### INSPECTION, PREPARATION, SECURING, STORING, AND USE OF VEHICLES

### OR-150. Requirement to Perform Inspection

Operators/Employees must know that the vehicle to which they have been assigned is safe for operation.

Prior to departing from any bus yard, or when making relief, Operators/Employees must make an inspection of their vehicle in accordance with the current outlined procedure.

This inspection must be made utilizing the Vehicle Condition Report, (VCR) the CDL Pre-Trip/Relief Inspection Checklist/Quality Control Appearance Checklist provided for that purpose.

### OR-151. Requirement to Submit Required Reports

Prior to reporting off duty, Operators/Employees must submit to the designated person or place at the designated location any reports, which they have been required to complete during their assignment.

The (VRC), the (CDL) Pre-Trip/Relief Inspection Checklist/Quality Control Appearance Checklist must be submitted for each vehicle to which the Operator/Employee has been assigned. The requirement to submit the VCR applies whether or not the Operator/Employee has indicated any defects to the vehicle.

### OR-152. Operator/Employee Requirement to Report Defects on Vehicles

Operators/Employees are required to report all defects found on vehicles regardless of the degree of the defect.

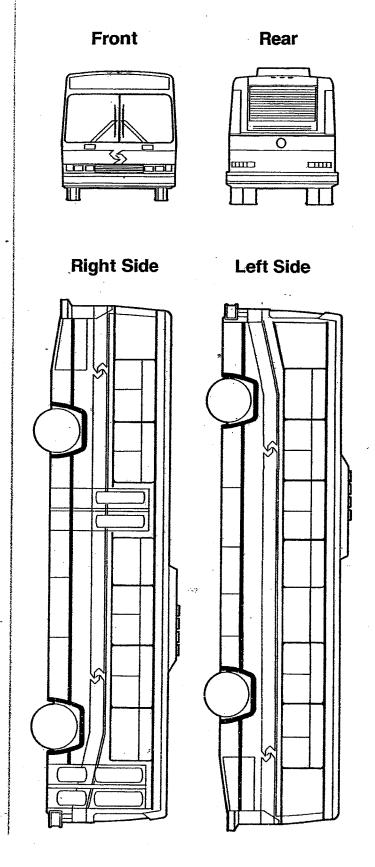
Upon finding a defect, the Operator/Employee must indicate such on the (VCR). If the defect is determined to be of a serious nature, the Control Center or Supervisor must be notified immediately. If necessary, the vehicle must be removed from service. If the defect occurs en route, the Operator/Employee is governed by the instructions of the Control Center.

Defects must be reported on the (VCR) and submitted after each vehicle used or as otherwise directed.

### **EXHIBIT B**

STATE INSPECTION C	HECI	F K LIS
Required Items to Check		
1. Service/Parking Brakes	OK □	NOT OF
2. Air Pressure		
3. Steering Mechanism		
4. Lights & Reflectors		
5. Horn		
6. Windshield Wipers		
7. Rear Vision Mirrors		
8. Wheels, Rims & Tires		
9. Emergency Equipment		
10. Vehicle Registration & Insurance Card		
Other Items To Be Check	ed	
1. Seat Belt	<b>ок</b> П	NOT ON
2. Chock	□	
3. Doors		
4. Radios		
5. P.A. System		
6. Destination Signs		
7. Fare Box		
8. Lift/Securement Device		<u> </u>
9: Signed Previous VCR		
Operator Signature		
Account Number		
Relief Operator		
Account Number		
Route/Block		

### Note Scratches with a Line ( - ) and Dents with an ( X )



### EXHIBIT C

## THE SKILLS TEST

The Skills Tests is made up of three separate tests: a Pre-Trip Inspection, Basic Control Maneuvers, and a Road Test. The information contained below identifies the information that you will have to know in order to pass the Skills Test.

# VEHICLE PRE-TRIP INSPECTION

For the vehicle examination you will have to conduct a thorough inspection of the vehicle. You may use a memory aid. As you do the inspection, point to or touch the items you are inspecting, and explain what you are looking for. Begin with the start-up check, then turn off the engine and continue the inspection. You can use the Pre-Trip Inspection Checklist to help you prepare for the pre-trip exam.

# PRE-TRIP INSPECTION CHECKLIST (TRANSIT BLIS)

		(IRANSII BUS)
ITEM	DESCRIPTION / PROCEDURES	WHAT YOU HAVE TO DO TO PASS
	<u>OUTSIDE IN</u>	OUTSIDE INSPECTION (Engine shut off)
	<u> </u>	FRONT OF VEHICLE
LIGHTS AND REFLECTORS	Headlights, turn signals, marker lights and reflectors	Check that all reflectors and lights are clean; none are missing or broken; and proper color (marker lights: red on rear, amber elsewhere).
WINDSHIELD	Windshield	Check for cracks, dirt, and valid inspection sticker or other obstructions to view.
WIPERS	Windshield wipers	Check for worn or cracked rubber on blades; blades secure on wiper arm.
		LEFT SIDE OF VEHICLE
MIRRORS, DRIVER'S WINDOW	Side mirrors for rear view of traffic	Check for proper adjustment; not cracked or loose (fittings); visibility not impaired due to dirty
	Driver Window	Driver window not cracked or broken and works properly
LIGHTS/REFLECTORS	All exterior lights and reflectors	Check for broken lenses, proper color, etc.
TIRES	Front tires	Check tread depth (see Note); tire inflation (see Note); tread evenly worn; look for cuts or other damage to the tread or walls; valve cap and stem are not missing, broken or damaged; retread not separating from tire (no retreads on front wheels).  NOTE: Minimum tread depth is 4/32 on front tires and 2/32 on rear tires. A tire mallet can be used to check that the tire is not flat. Do not kick a tire to check if it is flat
RIMS	Retain tires on all wheels	Check for damaged or bent rims; no weld marks; no rust trails that indicate rim is loose.

ITEM	DESCRIPTION / PROCEDURES	WHAT YOU HAVE TO DO TO PASS
LUG NUTS	Hold wheel on axle.	Check that all lug nuts are present; that lugs are not loose (look for rust trails around nuts); no cracks radiating from lug bolt holes, nor distortion of the bolt holes.
HUB OIL SEAL	Seals in lubrication for wheel hub.	Check wheel hub oil seal is not leaking.
AIR-LEAKS	Front & Rear (Air brake and suspension systems)	No audible air leaks from air brake system, or from suspension system air bags.
PASSENGER WINDOWS AND COMPARTMENTS	All windows and compartments	Check windows and compartments are secure.
REAR WHEEL ASSEMBLY	Tire, lug nuts and hub oil seal	Examine rear wheel assembly as done for front wheel, tread depth of 2/32 or more is permitted, along with retreads and we use Budd rims so spacers are not required.
	RE	REAR OF THE VEHICLE
COMPARTMENT DOORS	Engine and Air Tank compartment doors	Check that both compartment doors are secure
ENGINE LEAKS	Leaks under engine	Check for leaks of Coolant, Oil and Transmission Fluid
LIGHTS / REFLECTORS	Brake lights, rear signal lights, and hazard lights.	Check for correct lens color and broken lenses, etc.
	RIGHT SIDE OF VEHICLE - Ch	F VEHICLE - Check same items as left side with the addition of:
CENTER DOORS	Center passenger doors	Check to see that the doors close securely.
FUEL TANK	Holds fuel	Check that tank cap is secure and there are no leaks.
DOORS AND MIRROR	Front doors and outside mirror	Check that doors are securely mounted, mirror is not cracked, loose or dirty.
	BUS INTERIO	BUS INTERIOR – DRIVERS COMPARTMENT
START-UP CHECK	Various operator compartment functions.	Before starting engine, ensure parking brake is applied, gear shift selector is in neutral, and wheel chocked.
START ENGINE	Start the engine.	Start the engine
STEERING PLAY	Check for excessive looseness in the steering linkages.	Power steering check, with engine running move steering wheel from left to right and note degree of free play that occurs before front left wheel barely moves, should be less than 5-10 degrees.

ITEM	DESCRIPTION / PROCEDURES	WHAT YOU HAVE TO DO TO PASS
AIR BRAKE CHECK	Procedures to be followed in checking air brake system. Failure to properly perform the air brake check is an automatic failure for the vehicle inspection portion of the CDL test.	<ol> <li>Check that the air pressure is between 105-125 psi, chock wheel and shut off engine.</li> <li>Listen for audible air leaks in the braking and suspension systems.</li> <li>Turn master control switch to Night Run. Release parking brake, the loss rate should be less than 2 psi in one minute.</li> <li>Make full application of service brake, the loss rate should be less than 3 psi in one minute.</li> <li>Pump service brake, when air pressure reaches 60 psi, the low air light and alarm should come on.</li> <li>Continue to pump service brake until spring brake applies (20-40 psi).</li> <li>Start engine and build air pressure, the low air pressure warning device should go off between 60-80 psi, continue building the air pressure to 85 to 100 psi within 45 seconds, continue building air pressure until the governor cuts out the air compressor.</li> <li>Remove chock then check parking brake by placing transmission in drive and lightly accelerate, parking brake must hold bus.</li> <li>Check service brake by releasing parking brake and moving forward. At 5 mph apply service brake and stop, check that the bus stops normally and the steering wheel does not pull left or right.</li> <li>Place transmission in neutral, apply parking brake, and chock wheel.</li> </ol>
MIRRORS	Inside Mirrors: Rear view, relay, front and center stepwell.	Check for proper adjustment; not cracked or loose; visibility not impaired due to dirty mirrors.
WINDSHIELD	Windshield	Check for cracks, dirt, and other obstructions to view.
WIPERS	Windshield wipers and washer	Check that they operate properly.
VOLTMETER	Shows if alternator is functioning.	Check that gauge shows alternator is charging (24-28 volts).
LIGHTING INDICATORS	Dashboard indicator telltale lights.	Check that indicators illuminate when corresponding lights are turned on, check high beams, turn signals and hazard lights.
OIL PRESSURE BUILDS	Engine oil pressure is adequate.	Check that oil pressure is building to normal; the warning light goes off.
HORN(S)	Horn for warning other drivers or pedestrians.	Make sure that it works properly.
HEATER/DEFROSTER	Heats cab or passenger compartment, and defrosts windshield.	Check that heater/defroster is working.

ITEM	DESCRIPTION / PROCEDURES	WHAT YOU HAVE TO DO TO PASS
ALL LIGHTS	Headlights, turn signals, marker, ID, brake, rear signal and hazard lights.	Driver must activate lights, the examiner will check from outside to see if they are working.
SAFETY/EMERGENCY EQUIPMENT	Equipment for use during breakdown, or at an accident scene. Turn on your interior lights and activate your front and center doors.	Equipment for use during breakdown, or at an accident scene. Turn on your interior lights and activate your front and center doors.  Check for 3 red reflective triangles; properly charged and rated fire extinguisher (A.B.C). Also, open 2 emergency exits (window, roof hatch, or center doors). Buses do not require fuses. doors.
INSIDE OF VEHICLE	Passenger area	Check condition of seats, passenger entry/exit, stanchions, floor, and interior lights. Record any defects or irregularities.

### EXHIBIT D

### Case 2:12-cv-02263-JHS Document 1 Filed 04/26/12 Page 32 of 33 LRV Pre-trip/Relief Check List

Check if any item is defective	Ø
1. Brakes/Air Pressure	
2. Sanders	
3. Horns/Gong	
4. Lights	
5. Wipers	
6. Doors	
7. Radio	
8. P. A. System	
9. Destination Signs	
10. Pocket Schedules	
11. Farebox	
12. Graffiti	
13. Body Damage	
14. Cleanliness	
15. Emergency Equipment	
16. CBTC	
17. Other	
Operator Signature	
Account #	
Relief Operator Signature	<del>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</del>
Account #	<del></del>
Route/Block	
Date Trolley	
SSEPTA	

